



# Designing structured metadata for CVE

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# Introduction

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- Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures (CVE)
- 1999
- Industry standard
- Free text format



# Research question

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What metadata or structure could be added to the CVE to get information more easily?

Sub questions:

- What is the current status of CVE sources, databases and structure?
- Which data is not properly accessed in the CVE?
- What tools are available for converting CVE reports for easier processing by machines?
- What additional data should the CVE contain?

# Related work

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Peter Mell and Tim Grance wrote three guidelines for federal organizations on the use of CVE vulnerability naming scheme.

David A. Waltermire and Karen Scarfone updated the “Guide to using vulnerability naming schemes”.

H.S. Venter, J.H.P. Eloff and Y.L. Li. used artificial intelligence to generate a standard set of vulnerability categories.

# Methodology

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- literature study
- Interviews

## CVE status

- MITRE
- CVE numbering Authorities
- Structure

CVE-ID	
Description	References
Assigning CNA	Data record Created

# CVE databases

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- NVD NIST
- VULDB
- Whitesource vulnerability database
- CIRCL

# CVE Metadata

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- Common Weakness Enumeration (CWE)
- Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVSS)
- Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)



# CVE description

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Standard characteristics:

- Product
- Type of vulnerability
- What happens

# CVE conversion tools

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- Difficulty
- Machine learning

# Missing data

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- Product
- Fix
- Type of vulnerability
- SDK
- Manufacture
- Affected source code

# New structure CVE

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CVE-ID	
Description	References
Assigning CNA	Data record Created
CWE	CPE (AFFECTED version)
Fixed version	CVE version
*SDK	*Manufacture
*File : lines	

# Conclusion

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- Information
- New structure

# Future work

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- Form
- Tool



# Questions

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